2024 WINTER SCHOOL EUROCITIES

Restoring urban ecosystems as a key driver of Climate Neutral Cities

Montse Hernández Martín Head of Environment, Climate Action and public Health Office Mobility and Environmenta Area



27 November 2024



INTRODUCTION

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EU countries are working to fight climate change and achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

EU countries are **legally** committed to fighting climate change by shifting to a climate-neutral economy with **net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050**. In December 2019, EU leaders meeting within the European Council agreed on this goal and later the European Commission launched the **European Green Deal**. The objective stems from the commitment to the **Paris Agreement** which all EU member states have signed and ratified.

The transition to a net-zero economy is a must in order to tackle the climate crisis and it brings significant opportunities for:

economic growthmarkets and jobstechnological development







EU countries are working to fight climate change and achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

What are climate neutrality and net-zero emissions?

Climate neutrality means that greenhouse gas emissions generated by human activity, such as of those of carbon dioxide (CO2) due to the burning of fossil fuels, are heavily reduced in the atmosphere so as to ensure that there is no impact on the climate system.

Those emissions which are hard to eliminate are compensated by carbon removals, in other words, CO2 extracted from the atmosphere either naturally by vegetation or by mechanical means.

In a climate-neutral economy, there is a net-zero emissions balance.







EU countries are working to fight climate change and achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

The EU's climate goals

As the climate crisis worsens and extreme weather events are increasing in frequency and severity, EU countries have set progressively more ambitious targets to fight climate change.

by 2020 by 2030 by 2050 - 20% - 55% net-zero







EU countries are working to fight climate change and achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

EU climate policy and laws

Much of the EU's recent climate policy is a result of the European Green Deal.

The European climate law is the main piece of legislation within the Green Deal, in as much as it makes the goal of achieving climate neutrality by 2050 a legal obligation for all EU member countries.

A major set of climate legislation is the Fit for 55 package. Now almost fully adopted, it includes 14 pieces of legislation which set rules and measures to reach the goal of cutting emissions by at least 55% by 2030.







European Green Deal

The European Green Deal aims to create a cleaner, healthier and climate-neutral Europe by transforming the way we produce and consume.

The European Green Deal is the EU's growth strategy. Launched in 2019, it consists of a package of policy initiatives, which set the EU on the path to a green transition, with the ultimate goal of reaching climate neutrality by 2050.

It is the EU's contribution to the Paris Agreement, which the EU and all its countries ratified and which set the goal of keeping global warming to maximum +1.5°C compared to pre-industrial levels.





The Paris Agreement: entry into force



Paris Agreement: the EU's road to climate neutrality

In December 2015, for the first time, **all countries worldwide** agreed on a collective effort to:





tackle the effects of **climate change**

The agreement requires parties to submit national plans to reduce emissions and to review these commitments **every 5 years.**

| 2015 | 2020 | 2023 | 2025 | 2030 | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| Signature and initial national plans | Strategy and updated plans | Global progress review | Updated plans | Global progress review | |



Key goals of the Green Deal

The vision of the European Green Deal is to make the EU the first climate-neutral area in the world by 2050, to cut pollution and restore a healthy balance in nature and ecosystems.

Here are the main goals set for 2050.



Climate neutrality

Drastic reduction of greenhouse gas emissions for the EU to become the 1st climate-neutral area in the world



Circular economy

New economic model where products are reused, repaired and recycled, reducing waste and conserving resources



Clean industry

Push for cleaner, more sustainable and energy-efficient industries which thrive in the EU and global markets



Healthier environment



More sustainable farming

Plan to restore nature and work towards zero pollution to ensure a healthy environment for future generations Greener farming practices to protect the environment while providing healthy and affordable food



Climate justice and fairness

Plan to make the transition fair and inclusive to help people most affected by the transition and leave no one behind



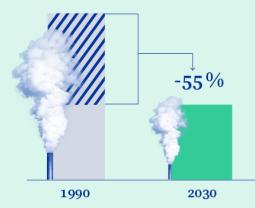


The European climate law makes reaching the EU's climate goal of reducing EU emissions by at least 55% by 2030 a **legal obligation**. EU countries are working on new legislation to achieve this goal and make the EU climate-neutral by 2050.



Climate neutrality

What the EU pledged



With the launch of the **European Green Deal** in 2019, the EU committed to cutting its net greenhouse gas emissions by **at least 55% by 2030**, compared to 1990 levels, up from its 40% commitment in 2014.

The EU's end goal is to reach **climate neutrality by 2050.** This will require a transition which should:



require action from **all** sectors of the economy



be socially balanced and fair



preserve the EU's competitiveness

From words to action

The **European climate law**, which the EU adopted in 2021, set both the 2030 and 2050 climate goals into legislation.



With the **Fit for 55 laws**, the EU put in place the measures needed to cut its emissions **by at least 55% by 2030** and move towards a climate-friendly economy and society.

This means that the EU and its member states are **legally obliged to take action** to reduce emissions to achieve climate neutrality.







With the **Fit for 55 laws**, the EU put in place the measures needed to cut its emissions **by at least 55% by 2030** and move towards a climate-friendly economy and society.

These measures include:



boosting renewable energy



reforming and expanding emissions trading



improving energy efficiency

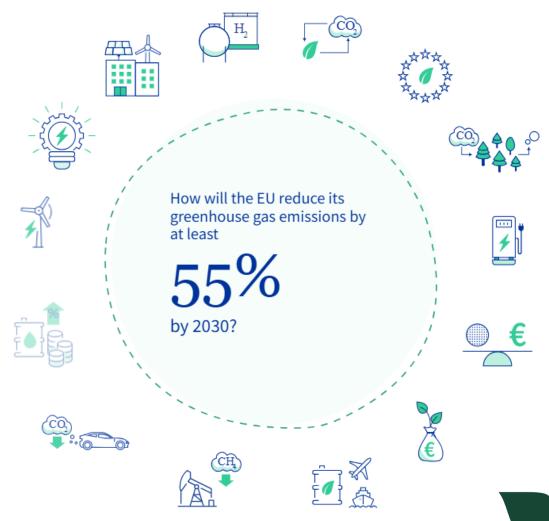


making transport more environmentally friendly



E

supporting people in shifting to a greener economy





FIT FOR 55





With the **Fit for 55 laws**, the EU put in place the measures needed to cut its emissions **by at least 55% by 2030** and move towards a climate-friendly economy and society.

These measures include:



boosting renewable energy



reforming and expanding emissions trading

improving energy efficiency

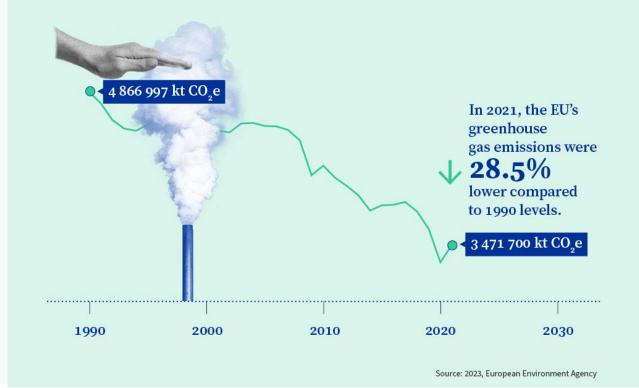


making transport more environmentally friendly



supporting people in shifting to a greener economy

The EU is already **decreasing** its greenhouse gas emissions.





FIT FOR 55



#EUmissions #HorizonEU

EU MISSIONS Concrete solutions for our greatest challenges

29 September 2021

EU Missions are about what we can do together to shape the future we want to live in.



Missions have ambitious goals and will deliver concrete results by 2030.



make 150 regions and communities climate resilient

restore our ocean and waters



create 100 living labs and

achieve 100 climate-neutral

and smart cities

lighthouses to lead the transition towards healthy soils

NEW WAYS OF WORKING

Missions set clear goals to be achieved by a fixed date. They provide the right conditions and funding that will enable researchers, innovators, policy makers, businesses and citizens to act together.

PEOPLE AT THE HEART

EU Missions will inspire and empower citizens to improve their lives and those of others.

People are at the heart of EU policy making, through local experimentation and bottom-up solutions such as citizen science actions, hackathons, contests or events.

This is our chance to work together towards a healthy, green and digital future. This is our mission.

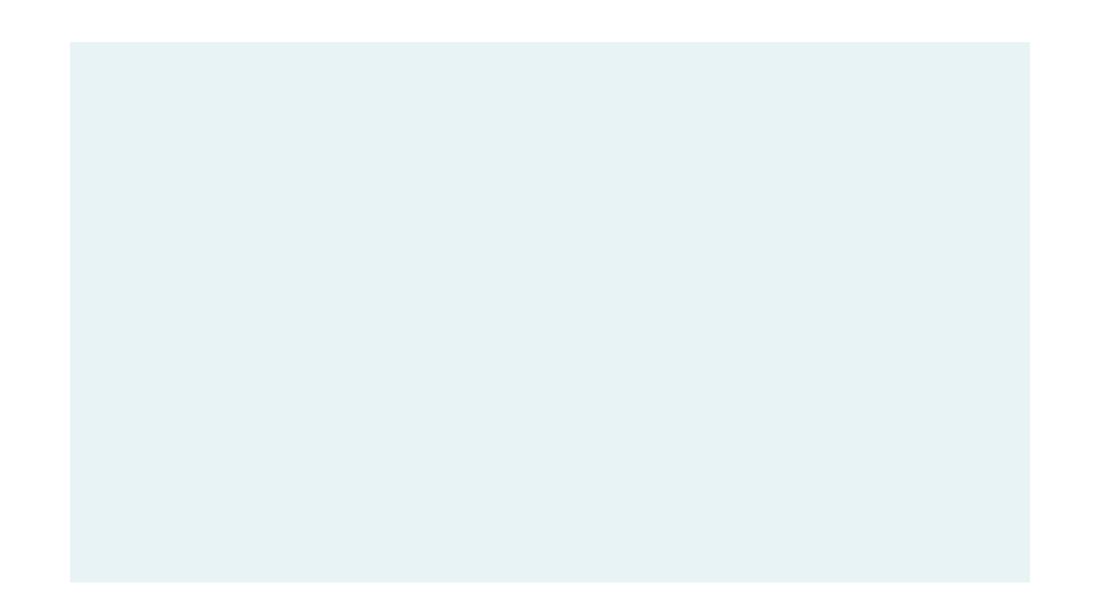
ROOTED IN RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

Part of the Horizon Europe research and innovation programme, **missions stem from** research and innovation and aim for more!

Horizon Europe provides initial funding of up to €1.9 billion for the first three years.

Missions will directly support the EU priorities:

- European Green Deal
- New European Bauhaus
- Europe fit for the Digital Age
- Europe's Beating Cancer Plan
- An Economy that Works for People
- EU's Long-term Vision for Rural Areas









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#EUmissions #HorizonEU #MissionCities





Nature restoration

What is the state of nature today?

Nature in the EU is **severely declining**. Species populations and the natural areas they inhabit are shrinking and degrading, leading to serious consequences for people and the planet.



of habitats are in poor condition

10%

of bee and butterfly species risk extinction

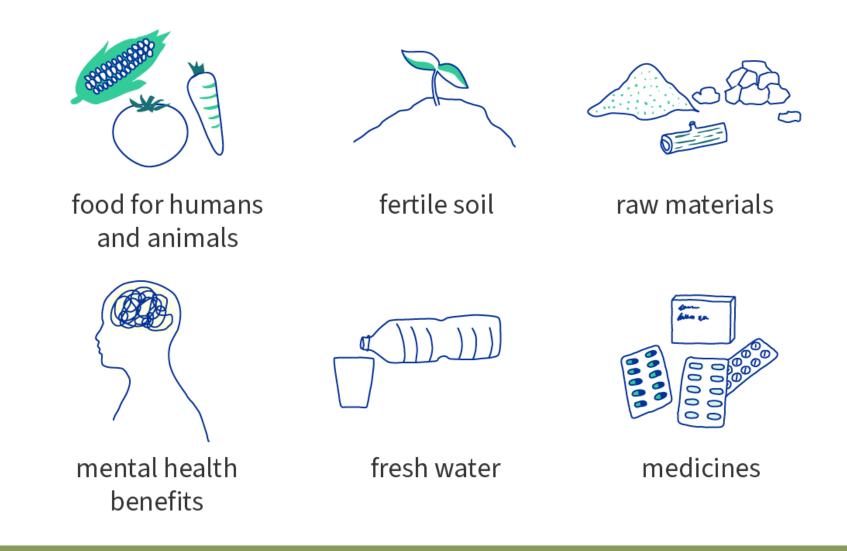
70%

of soils are in an unhealthy condition















How will EU countries restore nature?

EU countries within the Council have adopted on a **nature restoration law**, which aims to return nature and ecosystems to good conservation condition.

These rules will be the first ever focused specifically on the recovery of nature in EU member states.

The rules aim to set a binding target at EU level, which will require member states to put in place effective restoration measures to cover at least 20% of the EU's land and sea areas by 2030. By 2050 measures will have to be in place for all ecosystems in need of restoration.



of the EU's land and sea covered by restoration measures by 2030







The nature restoration law will concern:

- $\circ~$ degraded land and sea habitats
- \circ pollinators
- o agricultural ecosystems
- \circ urban areas
- rivers and floodplains
- o forests

Urban areas

Urban ecosystems represent 22% of the EU's land surface. Parks, gardens, trees and meadows are important habitats for plants, birds and insects.

With the new rules, the EU will aim to increase green spaces in cities, towns and suburbs. The targets will ensure:

no net loss of green space by 2030, compared to the year when the nature restoration rules enter into force (unless the urban environment has already 45% of green space) an increase in the amount of tree cover in cities









Urban areas

Forests, which cover nearly 40% of EU territory, are essential to climate change mitigation, as they act as carbon sinks and also host much of Europe's biodiversity.

The new restoration rules will aim to enhance biodiversity in forests.

To this end, EU countries will have to improve the state of forests through specific indicators that help measure the health of forests ecosystem. This includes measuring:

- the amount of deadwood, which provides a habitat to many forest organisms and contributes to soil formation
- the number of bird species

In addition, member states will have to contribute to the planting of at least three billion trees by 2030 at the EU level.



INTRODUCTION TO THE CITY





I. INTRODUCTION TO THE CITY

City size and typology – Zaragoza is the 4th largest city of Spain considering its population and the 28th of the European Union, with 715,040 inhabitants (municipal census 2020), with far more than 100,000 living in its urban centre.

Location - Zaragoza is located in the North East of Spain, 300 km away of key locations in the country like Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and the Basque Country.

Municipality area - 968km2, the 9th largest municipality in Spain.

Climate - Extremely arid.

Ecosystems - Three rivers converge in the city, steppes, agricultural land, Mediterranean forests.



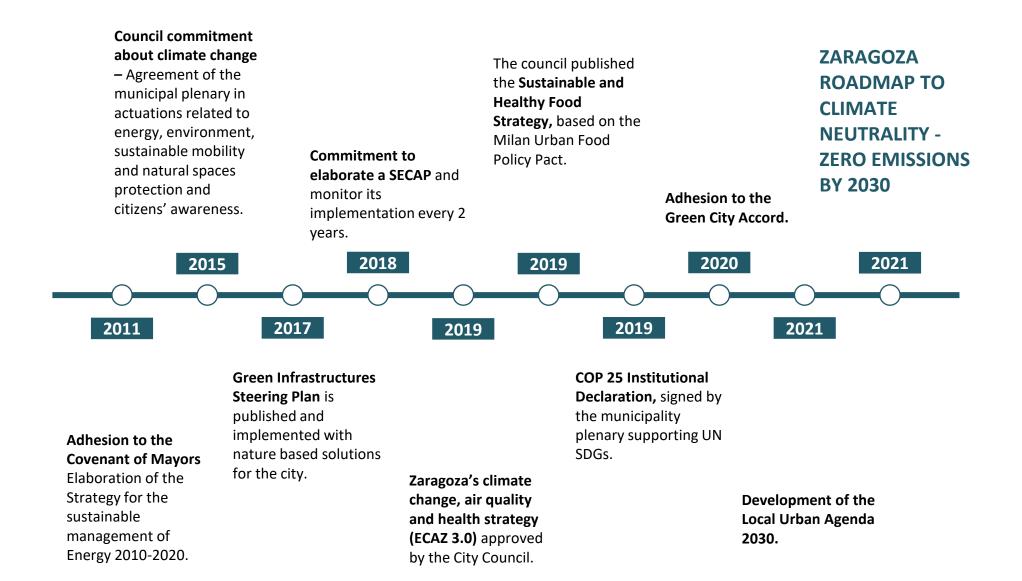


ZARAGOZA'S COMMITMENT TO CLIMATE NEUTRALITY

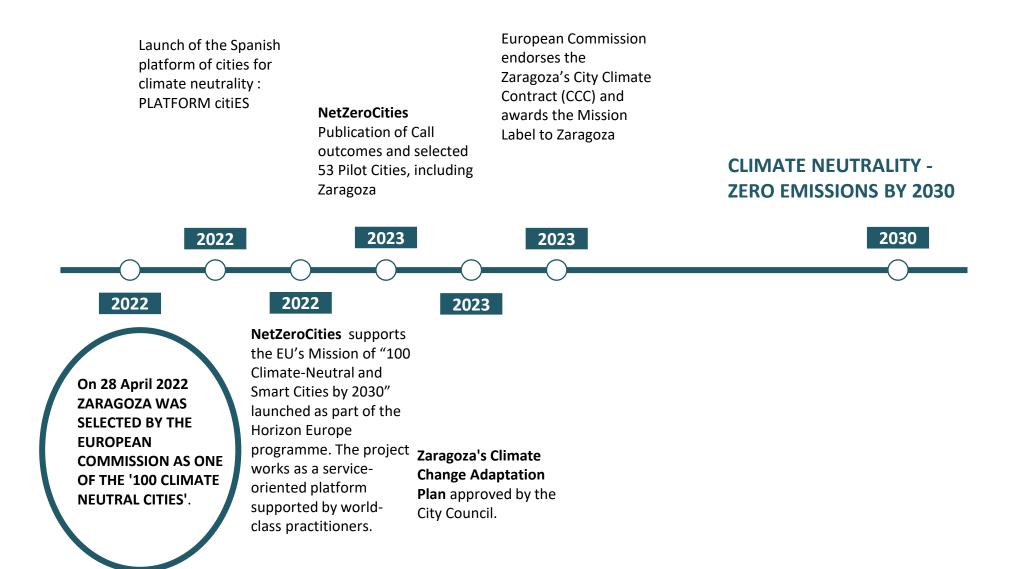




II. ZARAGOZA'S COMMITMENT TO CLIMATE NEUTRALITY



II. ZARAGOZA'S COMMITMENT TO CLIMATE NEUTRALITY





MASTER PLAN OF THE GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE OF ZARAGOZA 2017

COVENANT OF MAYORS FOR CLIMATE AND ENERGY 2018

ECAZ 3.0

INSTITUTIONAL DECLARATION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF ZARAGOZA COP 25 2019

INSTITUTIONAL DECLARATION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF ZARAGOZA AGENDA 2030

HEALTHY AND SUSTAINABLE FOOD STRATEGY

LOCAL URBAN AGENDA ZARAGOZA

CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION PLAN

ZARAGOZA ROADMAP TO CLIMATE NEUTRALITY ZERO EMISIONES 2030



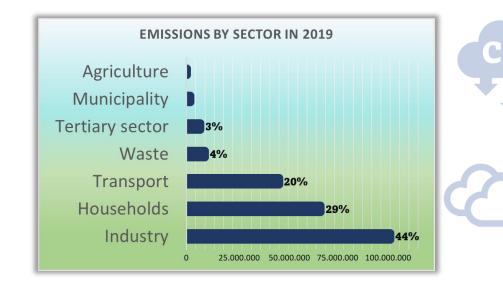
Mission Board for Climate-neutral and Smart Cities

ZARAGOZA'S CURRENT CLIMATE STATUS



III. ZARAGOZA'S CURRENT CLIMATE STATUS

A transition from 2005 to 2019. Covenant of Mayors methodology results.



TransportSustainable MobilityHouseholdsEnergy Efficiency in Buildings



Zaragoza's municipality infrastructures produced approximately 9.416,77 tCO₂ in 2019. **A reduction of 87,9% since 2005.**

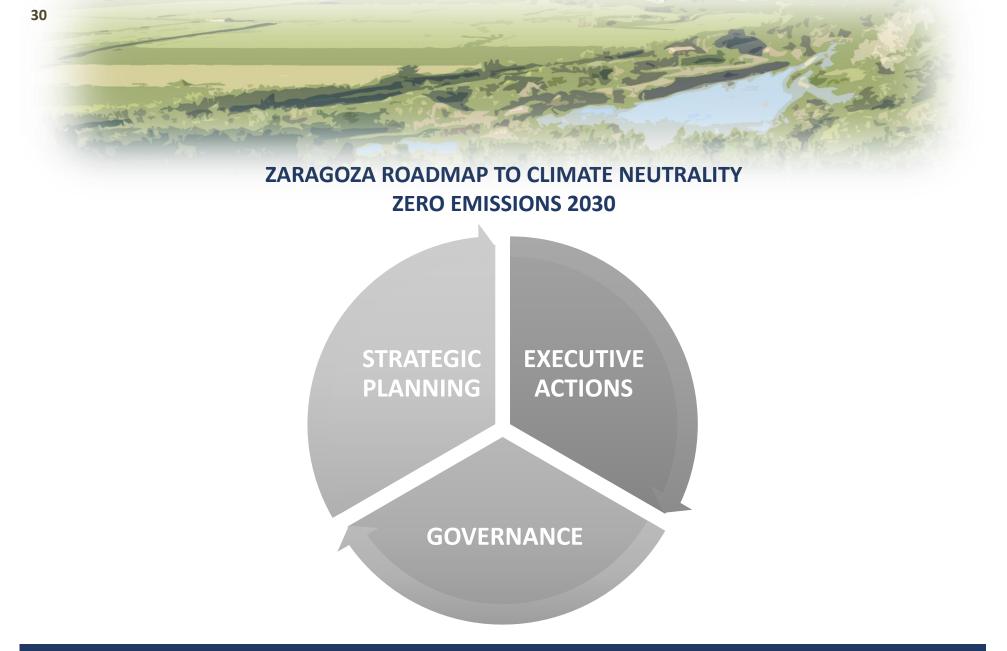
Zaragoza city emitted 2,262,128,51 tCO2 in 2019, reducing its emissions by a 25% compared to 2005 levels.

Zaragoza has become a leading recycling city in Europe by reaching a **50% share of recycled municipal waste in 2019**. In comparison with the 33,9% share in Spain and the European recycling average of 45% *(EUROSTAT)*.

PROPOSED TRANSFORMATION ACTUATIONS











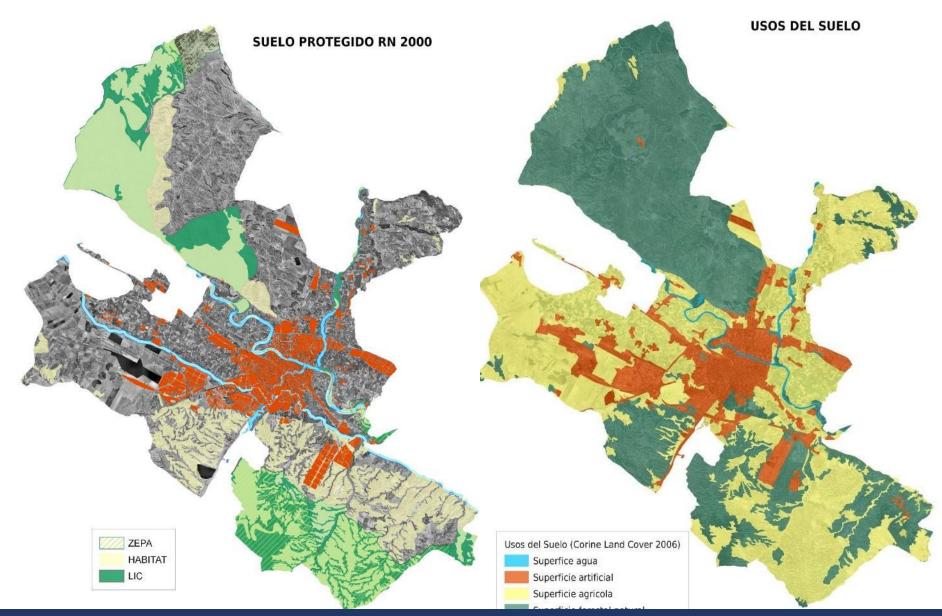
A PROJECT FOR ALL OF US



Scientific evidence points to the need to implement policies for renaturalisation and the promotion of urban biodiversity, given its clear relationship with public health and the mitigation of the effects of climate change.

ZARAGOZA CLIMATE NEUTRAL CITY









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TERRITORIAL SINGULARITIES

•AREA OF THE MUNICIPALITY:

968km2. Ninth largest municipality in Spain

•CLIMATE:

Extremely arid

•ECOSYSTEMS:

Three rivers converge in the city, steppes, agricultural land, Mediterranean forests

ADMINISTRATIVE PECULIARITIES

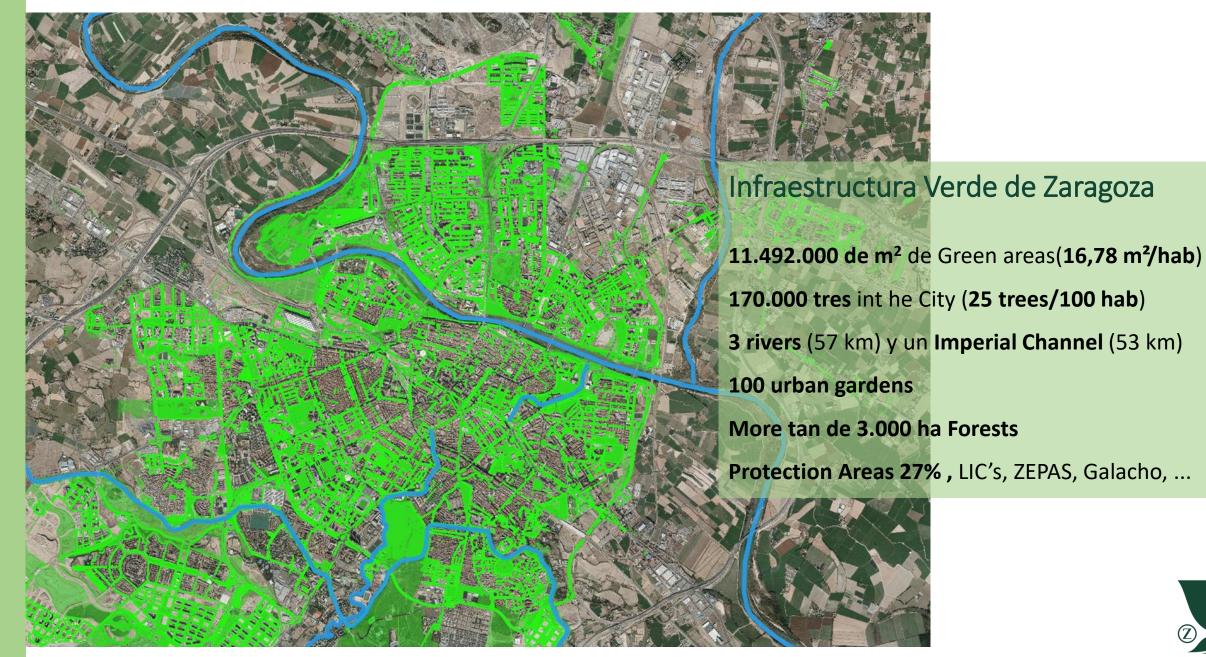
•POPULATION:

Municipality: 715,040 inhabitants (2020. Municipal census) Province: 972,528 inhabitants ADMINISTRATIVE PECULIARITIES

Municipality with a large population. Law of Zaragoza as capital(Ley 10/2017).



INFRAESTRUCTURA VERDE DE ZARAGOZA





Green Infraestructure of Zaragoza

THE REALITY OF URBAN GREEN_

🕇 Global

- + Sustainable
- + Healthy

t

| GENERALES CIUDAD | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|
| Inhabitants | 684.686 | | | |
| Surface municipality (m2) | | 968.711.000 | | |
| Urban Surface m ² | | 41.353.300 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| INFRAESTRUCTURA VERDE | | | | |
| PARQUES Y JARDINES | | | | |
| Superficie Total Verde Ciudad (m ²) | 11.492.064 | | | |
| Superficie Zonas Verdes -jardines- (m ²) | 7.992.064 | | | |
| nº árboles total en la ciudad | | 170.580 | | |
| | n.º árboles en parques | 46.538 | | |
| | n.º árboles en viario | 124.042 | | |
| MONTES Y RIBERAS | | | | |
| Superficie total de zonas verde Territorial (r | 39.618.382 | | | |
| n.º árboles en total en zonas verdes | | | | |
| EQUIPAMIENTO | | Urbano | Territoria | Total |
| № Áreas de Juego Infantil | | 450 | 10 | 460 |
| Nº Equipamiento deportivo | | 438 | 6 | 444 |
| Nº Fuentes y Estanques Ornamentales | 179 | 2 | 181 | |
| Nº Bancos | | 20.562 | 302 | 20.864 |
| Nº Fuentes de Beber | 639 | 9 | 648 | |
| | | | | |

DATOS GESTIÓN INFRAESTRUCTURA VERDE ZARAGOZA

RATIOS- VERDE URBANO

Green area/inhabitant (m²/hab) 16,78 N.º trees /100 inhabitants 24,91 Density green area(%) 19,33%

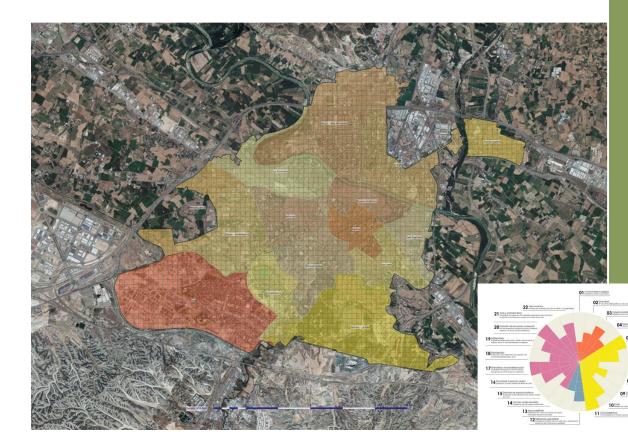




Baseline A TOOL FOR DIAGNOSIS AND PLANNING

Visually understand the status of the different ecosystem benefits of green infrastructure.

Make decisions on priority areas and locations for action



Parte de una concepción de beneficios ecosistémicos orientados a la salud

- Salud física
- Salud psico-social
- Salud del ecosistema

Establece variables e indicadores a medir para conocer el estado de los beneficios ecosistémicos

Es una **herramienta viva** que ha de actualizarse a medida que se vaya avanzando en la Infraestructura Verde de la ciudad

Se centra en el **ámbito urbano**

Permite la consulta y toma de decisiones en **diferentes escalas**



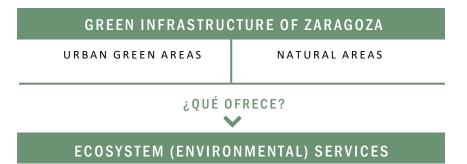
Green Strategy

Adapt the management of Zaragoza's Urban Green Infrastructure to current needs, to the Sustainable Development Goals, and as a measure against Climate Change

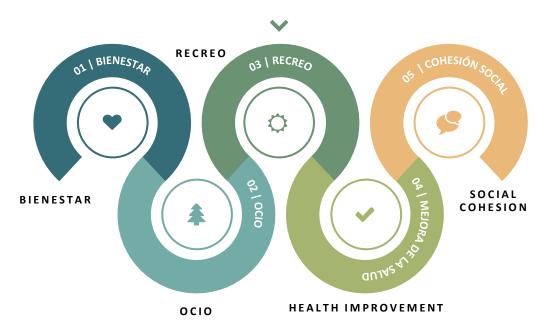




THINKING GREEN_



To naturalise urban green spaces is to transform and manage them to favour natural processes, the spontaneous entry of flora and fauna and to enhance the generation of ecosystem services.













PROJECT "LIFE ZARAGOZA NATURAL"_

Creation, management, protection and promotion of the Green Infrastructure of Zaragoza (IVZ), made up of different matrices that group together and interrelate the natural spaces of interest in the municipal area, the landscapes of the orchards, the urban green zones and all their connections.

Start: september 2013 End: december 2017

Approved by the Government of Zaragoza on 17 December 2017. PLAN DIRECTOR INFRAESTRUCTURA VERDE DE ZARAGOZA

Zaragoza's Green Infrastructure Master Plan



ESTEPA

FOREST AREAS

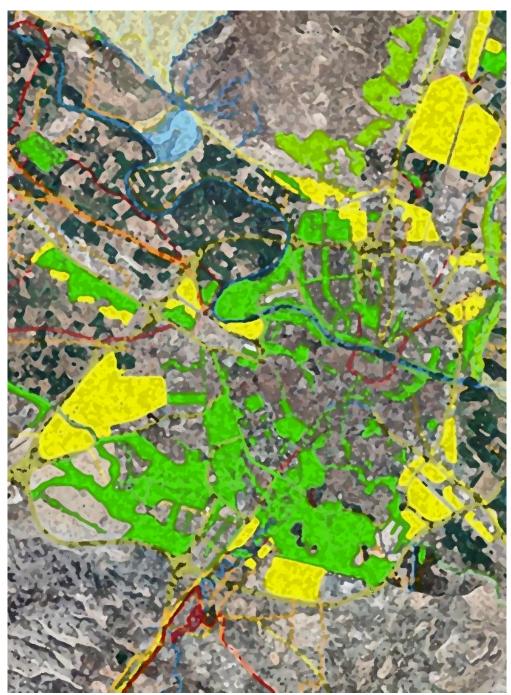
RIVERS CANALS WETLANDS

AGRICULTUTAL URBAN SYSTEM LAND

MASTER PLAN OF THE GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE OF ZARAGOZA







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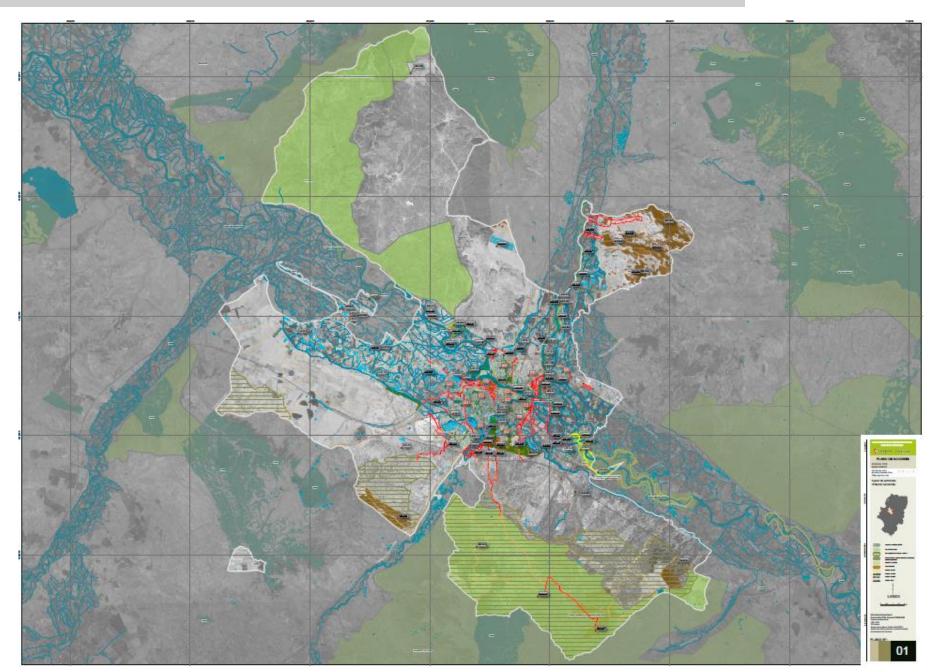
V.2 - CRITERIOS ADECUACIÓN DE DESCAMPADOS V.3 - RECURSOS INFORMATIVOS INF. VERDE (CDAMAZ)

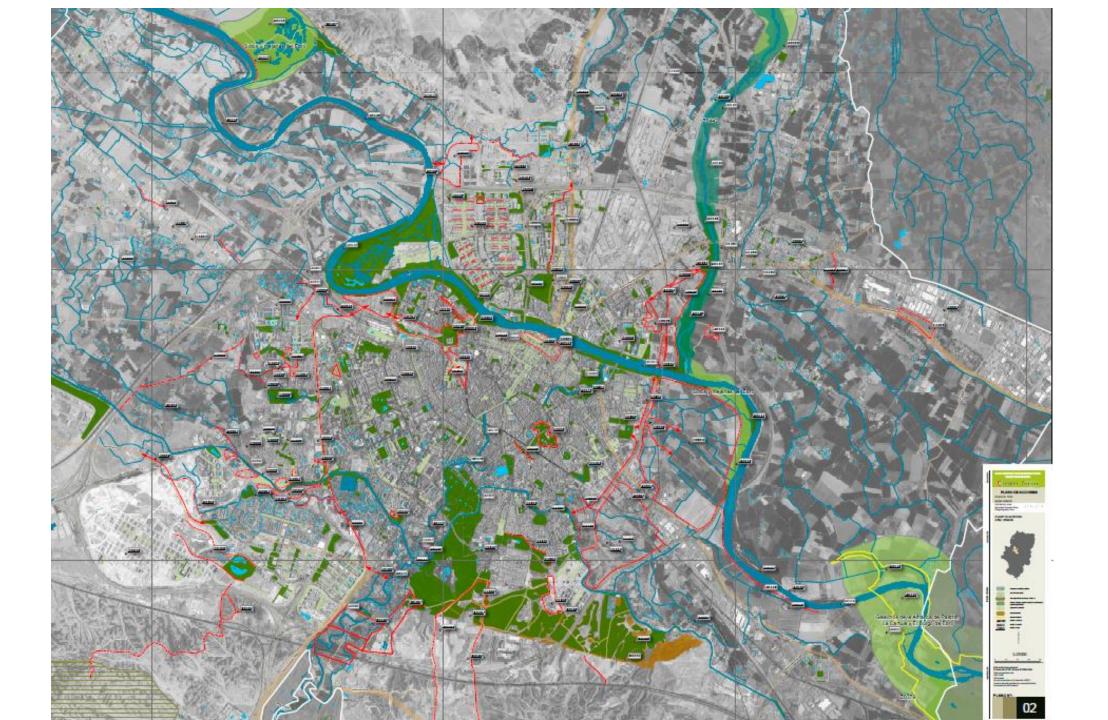
V - ANEXOS AL PLAN DIRECTOR

V.1 - CRITERIOS PARQUES Y JARDINES

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DOCUMENTACIÓN GRÁFICA





LIST OF ACTIONS

| OQUES | С. Р | EL | LEMENTOS | C. E | SUB-ELEMENTO | ACCIÓN | TIPO | FUNCIÓN | SERVICIOS ECO. | PRIORIDAD | PLAZO EJEC. | PERIODO | PRESUPUES | | | | |
|--------|------|------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|------|---------|
| 5 | | | | 0001 | GENERAL | PLAN DE DIVULGACIÓN DE LA INFRAESRUCCTURA VERDE DE ZARAGOZA (Life ZGZ Nat.) | SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO | CULTURAL | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2017 | 50.000 | | | | |
| ä | | ML | | 0002 | GENERAL | ADECUACIÓN DE MEDIOS TÉCNICOS AGENCIA DE MEDIO AMBIENTE PARA GESTIÓN DE LA INF.VERDE 2GZ | GESTIÓN | | - | ALTA | 2 AÑOS | 2017-18 | A VALORA | | | | |
| 00 VER | 8 | GENE | | 0003 | GENERAL | CREACIÓN DE PROTOCOLO DE LA AGENCIA MEDIO AMBIENTE DE COORDINACIÓN INTERDEPARTAMENTAL | GESTIÓN | | | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2017 | A VALORA | | | | |
| | | 6 | | 0004 | GENERAL | MODIFICACIÓN DE LA "ORDENANZA DE CIRCULACIÓN DE PEATONES Y CICLISTAS" PARA REGULAR EL USO DE LA BICICLETA EN LAS ZONAS NATURALES | GESTIÓN | | | MEDIA | 6 MESES | 2018 | A VALORA | | | | |
| | | | | A0101 | AZUD DE VADORREY | MANEJO PARA REGULACIÓN CAUDAL EN RÉGIMEN ECOLÓGICO. | GESTIÓN | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT, REGULACIÓN | MEDIA | | 2017 EN ADELANTE | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | A0102 | CARRIZALES NO PROTEGIDOS | PLAN MEJORA ANFIBIOS Y NIDIFICANTES | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 5 AÑOS | 2018-2023 | < 30.000 | | | | |
| | | | | A0103 | CORTADOS NO PROTEGIDOS | PLAN MEJORA ZONAS DE REPRODUCCIÓN DE FAUNA | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 6 AÑOS | 2018-2024 | < 30.000 | | | | |
| | | | | A0104 | GALACHO JUSLIBOL | ESTUDIOS INUNDABILIDAD DEL GALACHO PARA LA RETIRADA MOTA FRONTAL | SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2017 | < 18.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0105 | GALACHO JUSLIBOL | RETIRADA DE LA MOTA FRONTAL DEL GALACHO-RECUPERACIÓN FUNCIONAL | OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO Y CI | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 1 MES | 2017 | 200.000 | | | | |
| | | | | A0106 | GALACHOS RESERVA NAT | EJECUCIÓN PLAN DE CONSERVACION | GESTIÓN | TODAS | TODOS | MEDIA | PERMANENTE | 2017 EN ADELANTE | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0107 | GENERAL FLORA Y FAUNA | APOYO PLANES DE CONTROL DE AMENAZAS ESPECIES EXÓTICAS | GESTIÓN/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | PERMANENTE | 2018 EN ADELANTE | A VALOF | | | | |
| | | | | A0108 | GENERAL ORILLAS | CAMPAÑA LIMPIEZA Y MEJORA AMBIENTAL (5m Y talud mota) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO Y U | SHÁBITAT Y CULTURAL | MEDIA | 2 SEMANAS/AÑO | ANUAL | < 18.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0109 | GENERAL RIBERAS | CAMPAÑA LIMPIEZA Y MEJORA AMBIENTAL (>5m Territorio Fluvial) | OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO Y U | SHÁBITAT Y CULTURAL | MEDIA | 2 SEMANAS/AÑO | ANUAL | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0110 | GENERAL RÍO EBRO | PLAN DE PROMOCION DE ACTIVIDADES RECREATIVAS ADMISIBLES | GESTIÓN | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | BAJA | 6 MESES | 2020 | < 18.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0111 | GENERAL SOTOS DEL EBRO | EJECUCIÓN RED 21 ITINERARIOS SOTOS DEL EBRO (Art.68, P.O.R.N.) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | MEDIA | 6 MESES | 2018 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0112 | GENERAL URBANIZACIONES ILEGALES | PROTOCOLO DE PREVENCIÓN AMENAZAS DE EXPANSIONES URBANAS ILEGALES | GESTIÓN | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | ALTA | PERMANENTE | 2017 EN ADELANTE | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0113 | GENERAL USOS RECREATIVOS | PLAN DIVULGACIÓN Y ACCIÓN AMENAZAS USOS RECREATIVOS | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2017 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0114 | GENERAL VERTIDOS RES.SOLIDOS | PLAN DE CONTROL VERTIDOS RESIDUOS SOLIDOS NO CONTROLADOS | GESTIÓN | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | PERMANENTE | ANUAL | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | RÍO EBRO | A0115 | GRAVERAS ABANDONADAS | PLAN DE MEJORA AMBIENTAL GRAVERA SOTOS DE LAS PERLAS Y CARTUJA | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 1 AÑO | 2020 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0116 | MADRE PASTRIZ | PLAN PROTECCIÓN GUARDERÍAS EN MADRES VIEJAS | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | ALTA | 1 AÑO | 2017 | < 18.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0117 | MOTAS MUNICIPIO | ESTUDIO CARACTERIZACIÓN MOTAS (materiales, forma, función) | SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO | REGULACIÓN | MEDIA | 6 MESES | 2018 | < 30.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0118 | MOTAS MUNICIPIO | PLAN MEJORA CALIDAD AMBIENTAL MOTAS (Art.56,1, P.O.R.N.) | OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 6 MESES | 2019 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0119 | SOTO DE ARANDA | PLAN DE MEJORA AMBIENTAL | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 1 AÑO | 2019 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0120 | SOTO DE LA CARTUJA | PLAN DE MEJORA AMBIENTAL | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | ALTA | 1 AÑO | 2018 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0121 | SOTO DE LOS MAJUELOS | PLAN DE MEJORA AMBIENTAL | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 1 AÑO | 2020 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | í. | | | | A0122 | SOTO DE MONZALBARBA | PLAN DE MEJORA AMBIENTAL | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 1 AÑO | 2021 | < 50.00 |
| | | | | A0123 | SOTO DE LAS PERLAS | ESTUDIO AMBIENTAL E HIDROLÓGICO POSIBLE RETIRADA DE MOTA | GESTIÓN/SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO, ESTADO | HÁBITAT, REGULACIÓN Y CUL | ALTA | 2 AÑOS | 2017-2018 | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0124 | SOTO DE LAS PERLAS | RETIRADA DE MOTA Y RECUPERACIÓN TERRITORIO FLUVIAL HASTA CARRETERA | OBRA | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO, ESTADO | HÁBITAT, REGULACIÓN Y CUL | ALTA | 1 MES | 2019 | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0125 | SOTOS CENTRO URBANO | PLAN DE MEJORA ENCLAVES RELICTOS | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 1 AÑO | 2022 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0126 | TERRITORIO FLUVIAL | PLAN DESLINDE DOMINIO PÚBLICO HIDRÁULICO (Art.23.3. P.O.R.N.) | GESTIÓN/SERVICIO | TODAS | TODOS | ALTA | 5 AÑOS | 2017-2022 | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0127 | ZONAS 1 Y 2 DEL P.O.R.N. | PLAN DE CORRECCIÓN DE TENDIDOS Y EQUIPOS ELÉCTRICOS (Art.63.3, y 67 P.O.R.N.) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | BAJA | 1 AÑO | 2020 | A VALO | | | | |
| | | ₫ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ÅΓ | | A0140 | AZUD ACEQUIA URDAN | PLAN ADECUACION VISITA AZUD CARTUJA AULA DEI-ACEQUIA URDAN | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | BAJA | 6 MESES | 2020 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | 5 | ØGR | | A0141 | DESEMBOCADURA | PLAN LIBERACIÓN SUELO NO URBANIZABLE CONFLUENCIA EBRO (Premolsa, Dog Garden y perreras) | GESTIÓN/SERVICIO | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO Y CO | REGULACIÓN | BAJA | 1 AÑO | 2020 | A VALO | | | | |
| | A | IDIH | | A0142 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | ACTUALIZACION ESTUDIO HIDROLÓGICO TÉRMINO MUNICIPAL (Azud Urdan-Desembocadura) "lenteja" de San Juan y modelo de simulación aculfero-rios (8.2.1./I-E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO | HÁBITAT Y REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2018 | < 30.00 | | | | |
| | | RED | | A0143 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | San Juan y modelo de simulación acuitero-nos (8.2.1.7 PE-NG-NE-Balo Gallego) PLAN RENATURAUZACIÓN HIDROLÓGICA DEL BAJO GÁLLEGO: GESTIÓN CAUDALES Y EFICIENCIA RIEGO (8.2.1.7 = E.H.G. H.E.Bajo Gállego) | GESTIÓN | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT Y REGULACIÓN | MEDIA | PERMANENTE | 2017 EN ADELANTE | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | A0144 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | RECUPERACIÓN DEL TERRITORIO FLUVIAL -AMPLIACIÓN DEL L.I.C. Y APROBACIÓN DE UN P.O.R.N. (8.2.1./c y 8.2.3 E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | GESTIÓN | TODAS | TODOS | ALTA | 5 AÑOS | 2019 EN ADELANTE | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0145 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | CIERRE DEL CORREDOR VERDE (8.2.1./d-E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | BAJA | 2 AÑOS | 2020-2021 | < 300.0 | | | | |
| | | | | A0146 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | PLAN EVACUACIÓN ESPACIO RIBEREÑO (8.2.1./f-E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2018 | < 30.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0140 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | PLAN EDUCACIÓN ESPACIO RIBEREÑO (8.2.1./F.E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | MEDIA | 6 MESES | 2019 | < 18.00 | | | | |
| | | | RÍO GALLEGO | A0149 | GENERAL BAJO GÁLLEGO | PLAN DE DEFENSAS DE ORILLAS (8.2.4E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 1 AÑO | 2018 | < 300.0 | | | | |
| | | | | A0148 | "LENTEJA"DE SAN JUAN | ESTUDIO HIDROLÓGICO (Ollero-Unizar) | SERVICIO | MEJORA CONOCIMIENTO | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 1 AÑO | 2017 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | INTERVENCIÓN INGENIERIA FLUVIAL PARA CORREGIR LA INCISIÓN EN EL AZUD DE URDAN Y RECUPERACIÓN | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| | | | | A0150 | "LENTEJA"DE SAN JUAN | DEL TERRITORIO FLUVIAL (8.2.2-E.H.G.H.E.Bajo Gállego) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO Y CO | | ALTA | 1 AÑO | 2019 | < 300.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | IMAKGEN IZQUIERDA, TRAMO DESEMBOCAD | PLAN REESTRUCTURACION INFRAESTRUCTURA DE SANEAMIENTO | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA ESTADO ECOLÓGICO | HÁBITAT | MEDIA | 2 AÑOS | 2020-2021 | A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0151 | | | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | REGULACIÓN | ALTA | 6 MESES | 2017 | < 50.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0152 | PEÑA DEL CUERVO | ADECUACION ZONA DE VISTANTES FRENTE A EVENTOS DE CRECIDA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | A0152 A0153 | PEÑA DEL CUERVO PEÑAFLOR | ADECUACION ZONA DE VISTANTES FRENTE A EVENTOS DE CRECIDA CONEXIÓN PEATONAL SOBRE EL RÍO GÁLLEGO (U-16 Plan Acomp.) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | CULTURAL | BAJA | 2 AÑOS | 2020 | > 500.00 | | | | |
| | | | | A0152 | PEÑA DEL CUERVO | CONEXIÓN PEATONAL SOBRE EL RÍO GÁLLEGO (U-16 Plan Acomp.) PLAN REACONDICIONAMIENTO RIBERAS DEL GÁLLEGO Y CONEXIÓN CON EL VEDADO | | | | BAJA BAJA | 2 AÑOS 1 AÑO | 2020 2019 | > 500.0 A VALO | | | | |
| | | | | A0152 A0153 | PEÑA DEL CUERVO PEÑAFLOR | CONEXIÓN PEATONAL SOBRE EL RÍO GÁLLEGO (U-16 Plan Acomp.) | SERVICIO/OBRA | MEJORA USO SOCIAL | | | | | | | | | |

Zaragoza

JUSTIFICACIÓN

La agricultura urbana cumple con una función ecosistémica básica en el papel de la infraestructura Verde, no sólo como servicio de abastecimiento de productos ecológicos y de proximidad, sino también como servicio de regulación, ya que se asientan sobre suelos permesbles, recogiendo la escorrentia del agua.

A estos valores hay que añadir que los huertos urbanos son un ejemplo de programa con importantes valores sociales para las personas que participan en él, ya que les permiten ocupar su tiempo, favorecen la creación de un tejido de nuevas relaciones y mejoran su calidad de vida mediante una actividad física muy positiva para la salud.

OBJETIVOS

- Recuperación medioambiental de espacios urbanos mediante la intervención en el ecosistema y la agricultura ecológica.
- Creación de espacios de convivencia ciudadana en torno a la agricultura urbana ecológica y espacios relacionados con la salud.
- Dotar a la ciudad de Zaragoza de espacios para funciones de abastecimiento de productos ecológicos y de proximidad.

DESCRIPCIÓN

Fases

- Gestión para la ordenación del ámbito de Sistema General de Zonas Verdes
- Plan de huertos urbanos ecológicos, donde se contemple:
 - Ordenanaza municipal de usos de los huertos urbanos
 - el tipo de gestión: vecinal, municipal, privada, mixta, etc.
 - Estatutos de funcionamiento
 - Actividades complementarias de enseñanza, divulgación, y otras
- Proyectos de ejecución de huertos urbanos

Contenido

0

- Los huertos urbanos deberán estar destinados a la horticultura ecológica.
- Los huertos deberán ser espacios públicos, en la medida que deberán poder ser permeables a la libre circulación de las personas.
- Los espacios de huerto deberán contemplar medidas estrictas en cuanto a su diseño, y la no posible implantación de construcciones auxiliares diferentes a las diseñadas en el proyecto original.



TOMONTAJE ESQUEMA DE ACTUACIONES DEL PARQUE HUERTA JUNTO AL CANAL IMPERIAL (FUENTE: ATALAYA) POSIBLES RECORRIDOS





VISTA DE LOS HUERTOS URBANOS "HORTALS" JUNTO AL CANAL (FUENTE: ATALAYA)

IMÁGENES EJEMPLO



AREAS DE ENQUENTRO EN LOS HUERTOS MUNICIPALES DE ABETXUNO, ANILIO VERDE





EAS DE ENQUENTRO EN LOS HUERTOS MUNICIPALES DE ABETXUNO, ANULO VERDE IORIA-GASTELE (FUENTE: ATALAYA)







- Descripción:
- Proyecto de Huertos Urbanos en apoyo y prolongación al ya existente de Hortals
- junto al Canal Imperial Localización: Barrio Casabiance
- Nombre:
- PROYECTO DEL PARQUE HUERTA EN EL CANAL IMPERIAL
- Bub-elemento:
- Barrios Montecanal y Rosales del Canal Elemento:





- Ordenanza para el uso y gestión de la marca "Huerta de Zaragoza" http://www.zaragoza.es/cludad/medioambiente/huertas/detaile_Normativa?id=79 03
- Cludades por la Agroecologia. www.cludadesagroecologicas.eu http://www.zaragoza.es/cludad/medicambiente/huertas/cludades-agroecologia.htm
- Centro Lorenea de Interpretación de la Jardinerla y Horticultura ecológica en Noain, Navarra. http://www.noain.es/es/ei/valle/parque-de-los-sentidos/
- Ordenanza municipal de uso de los Huertos ecológicos, en el Anilio Verde de Vitoria-gasteiz, gasteiz.org/we001/was/we001Action.do?aplicacion=wb021&tabla=contenido&idi oma=es&uid=u204c3ce3_1525d74a213__7fcc





STRATEGIC MITIGATION/ADAPTATION PROJECTS CCC

Citizen Forest

Recovery of the river Huerva

General objective of planting 700,000 trees and shrubs by 2030, generating one of the most important carbon sinks at local level through a collaborative project involving companies, organisations, schools, associations and citizens, greening and connecting the city and its territory.

It will improve its river ecosystem, as well as mitigating, adapting to climate change and protecting against flood risks, increasing biodiversity in urban environments and its conservation.

EL BOSQUE DE LOS ZARAGOZANOS





NUESTRA PROPUESTA

EL BOSQUE DE LOS ZARAGOZANOS



Will you join us?

Zaragoza City Council, together with ECODES, is promoting this collaborative initiative with which 700,000 trees will be planted, as many as the number of citizens.





NUESTRA PROPUESTA

EL BOSQUE DE LOS ZARAGOZANOS



Will you join us?

Zaragoza City Council, together with ECODES, is promoting this collaborative initiative with which 700,000 trees will be planted, as many as the number of citizens.

· CLIMATEA CTION

- **RESILIENCE**
- PROMOTE BIODIVERSITY
- HEALTH
- GREENING











Improving health and increasing biodiversity

To reduce de carbon

footprint

Towards a greener city

The transition to the circular economy

Contribute to the sustainable development goals

PRIORITY OBJECTIVES











DISPONIBILIDAD TERRENOS

P









C DISPONIBILIDAD TERRENOS

Ø









CO DISPONIBILIDAD TERRENOS

P





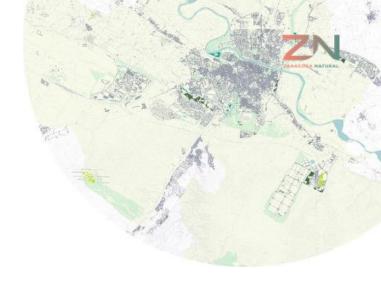




DISPONIBILIDAD

TERRENOS





Las parcelas se categorizan en función de su situación y su vocación en:

| | Número parcelas | Superficie Total (ha) | CO2 retenido 40 años (t) | Compost (kg) |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| • Bosque Urbano y Periurbano | 58 | 143,89 | 41.008,90 | 32.375,45 |
| Bosque Mediterráneo | 162 | 725,47 | 69.645,21 | 217.641,28 |
| • Bosque Ribera | 11 | 42,07 | 23.054,02 | 25.241,36 |
| TOTAL | 231 | 911,43 | 133.708,14 | 275.258,36 |



Bosque Mediterráneo

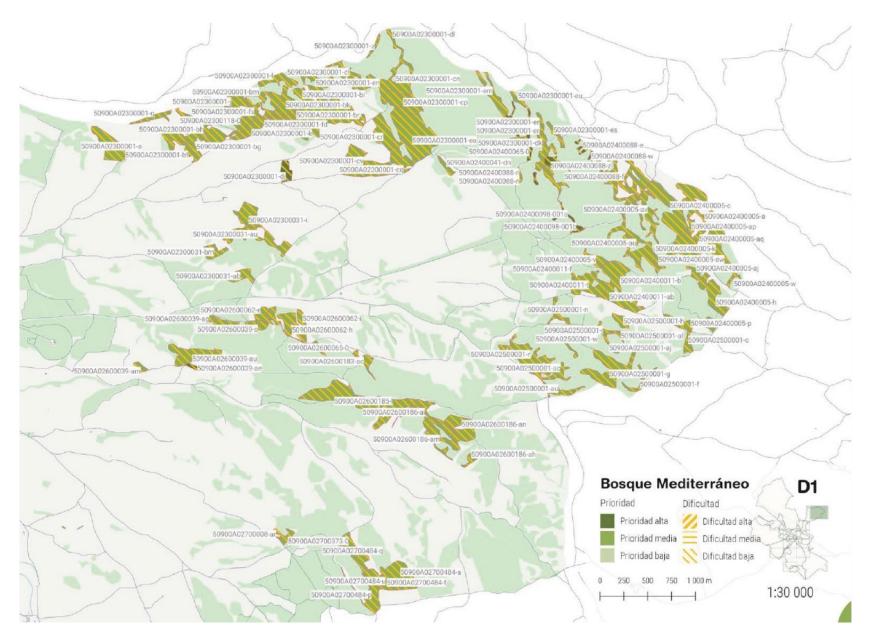
Pino carrasco, Sabina albar y Carrascas con un amplio cortejo de especies arbustivas (Enebro, Sabina negral, Coscoja, Lentiscos...)





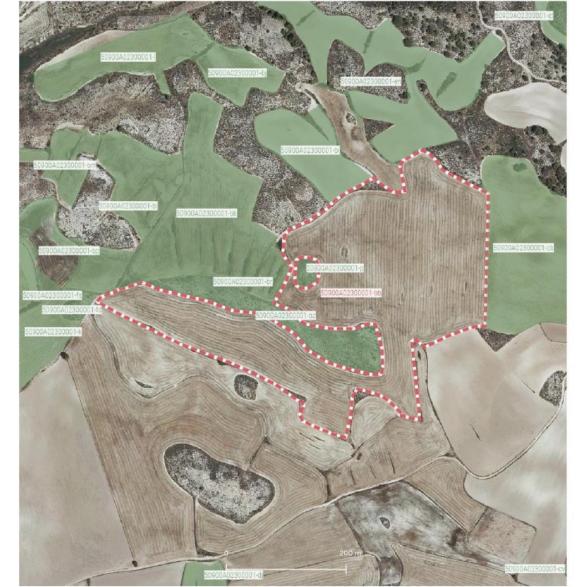
El Bosque de los Zaragozanos Un proyecto de todos











ESPACIO DE OPORTUNIDAD 50900A02300001-bb

Identificación

Código Catastro Código Bosque de los Zaragozanos 50900A02300001-bb 435

Descripción Monte de Peñaflor

Coord, X Coord, Y 687491 4628349 *Coordenadas del centroide en metros en ETRS 89 UTM 30N.

Clasificación y titularidad

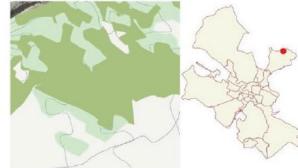
Clasificación según PGOU Titularidad SUELO NO URBANIZABLE MUNICIPAL

Información para proyecto

| Prioridad | Dificultad | | | |
|--|------------|--|--|--|
| Media | Baja | | | |
| Tipo de actuación Bosque mediterráneo | | | | |

Superficie (m2) 123892

Fragilidad ecológica Pendiente de valorar Tipo de ejecución Pendiente de valorar



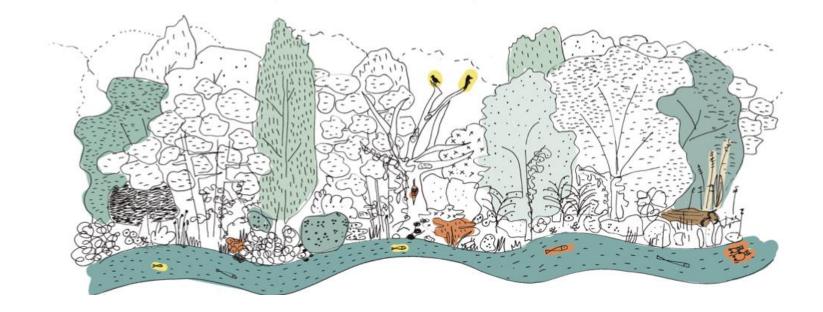




Bosque Urbano

-

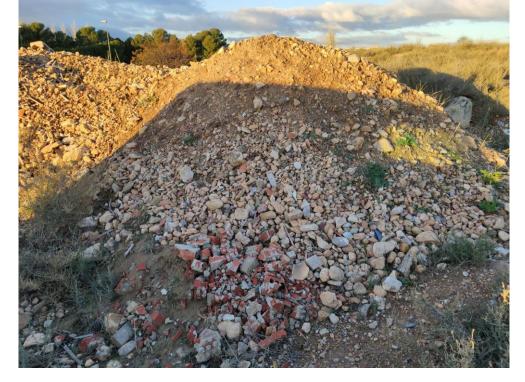




Bosque de ribera

Álamo blanco, Chopo, Sauces, Olmos, Fresnos y un amplio cortejo de especies arbustivas (Majuelos, Tamarices...)

































A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL









A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL



Public Administrations











A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL



Public Administrations

Companies





A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL







A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL







A COLLABORATIVE PROJECT A PROJECT BY AND FOR ALL



ste unes?













EL BOSQUE EN CIFRAS

CAMPAÑA 2021-2022 CAMPAÑA 2022-2023 CAMPAÑA 2023-2024

TOTAL

65,6 hectáreas 102,57 hectáreas 55,91 hectáreas 52.214 plantas 80.884 plantas 64.210 plantas

224,08 hectáreas

197.308 plantas

121 EMPRESAS 260 CONTACTOS

64 ASOCIACIONES

5.545 ESCOLARES



EL BOSQUE DE LOS ZARAGOZANOS





PRESUPUESTO

MUNICIPAL 15%

HOW DOES THE FOREST RUN?

INVERSIÓN TOTAL CAMPAÑA 2021-2022: 1.059.741,12 €

SOURCE OF ECONOMIC INCOME:

PATROCINIOS, DONACIONES 85%

TIPOLOGIA DE GASTO:

EJECUCIÓN 53%

ASISTENCIA TECNICA 47%

DIRECT MUNICIPAL BUDGET 500.000 EUROS/YEAR



EL BOSQUE DE LOS ZARAGOZANOS

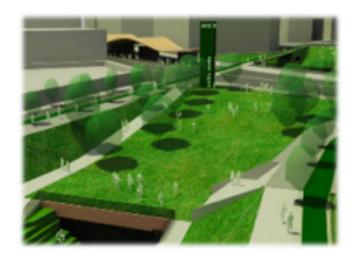


Recovery of the River Huerva

IV. PROPOSED TRANSFORMATION ACTUATIONS

Nature-based solutions: Urban river ecosystems restoration

The *Huerva* river presents a deep unevenness between the height of the city and its fluvial space.



The rehabilitation of Huerva river area supposes addressing the eternal debate of the balance between nature and city (e.g.; biodiversity ecosystem vs. artificiality of human space, sounds and smells of nature vs. noise and environmental pollution, etc.).

Today these two environments in the city of Zaragoza continue without finding their symbiosis in the surroundings of the Huerva river, follow each one in their space without achieve the specific action that allows their union and healthy joint development, where both worlds, the natural and the human, find their balance.

- **PHASE 1: Opening, accessibility and connectivity actions** at the crossing points between the city and the river fluvial space, with a performance both in the upper part of the city and in the lower part of the river.
- PHASE 2: Pedestrian linear layout for 3 types of walkers according to their elevation and natural character. Preliminary project plans the urban and landscape conditioning of the Huerva river between the Trece de Septiembre bridge and Gran Vía avenue, with a linear length of 1,385 m. and an area of 12,9 ha.
- Estimated budget 28,4 M€





RECUPERACIÓN DEL RIO HUERVA LA ASIGNATURA PENDIENTE DE ZARAGOZA

2. OPORTUNIDAD e IMPULSO

 UNIÓN EUROPEA -MITECO (PRTR)- FUNDACIÓN BIODIVERSIDAD (CONVOCATORIAS DE FONDOS EUROPEOS NextGenerationEU - RIOS Y CIUDADES)
CONFEDERACIÓN HIDROGRÁFICA DEL EBRO
GOBIERNO DE ARAGÓN

Implicación y apoyo de las instituciones para impulsar las actuaciones para llevar a cabo la recuperación del río Huerva en sus tramos urbanos



tenna de rampas

Juegos infantiles

e: 1/1500

as al aire libre

PLANTA GENERAL

Zaragoza Ecociudad

Caminos y sendas

Pasarela 2

Juegos infantile

Kiosko / Infrastructura

Pasarela existente

Pasarela 4

3. ÁMBITO del PROYECTO GLOBAL

Convocatoria RIOS 2021: Tramo urbano del río Huerva entre Puente Blasco del Cacho (Sopesens) hasta Puente Emperador Augusto (800 m)

sistema de rampas y graderios



- 3. ÁMBITO del PROYECTO GLOBAL
- Convocatoria CIUDADES 2022 (2 tramos):
- 1. Entre puente Emperador Augusto y cubrimiento Gran Vía (400 m)







- 3. ÁMBITO del PROYECTO GLOBAL
- Convocatoria CIUDADES 2022 (2 tramos):
- Entre puente de Miguel Servet y desembocadura (1300 m)

⇒ 2,5 km de río Huerva incluido en el proyecto

TRAMO MIGUEL SERVET- DESEMBOCADURA e: 1/2000

PLANTA GENERAL























PROYECTOS ESTRATÉGICOS MITIGACIÓN/ADAPTACIÓN CCC

Renaturalisation of schoolyards

Vertical GArdens

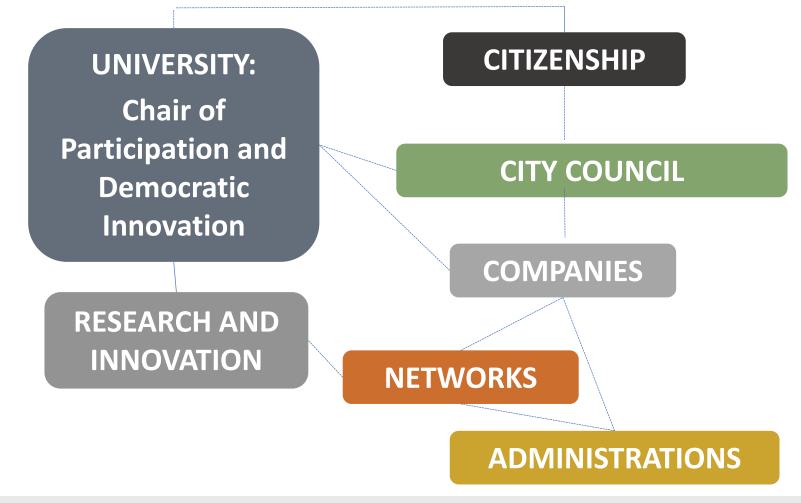
Adaptation of school playgrounds

Opportunities in the consolidated urban area





GOVERNANCE: DIALOGUE LEARNING CO-CREATION







Vamos a reverdecer Zaragoza